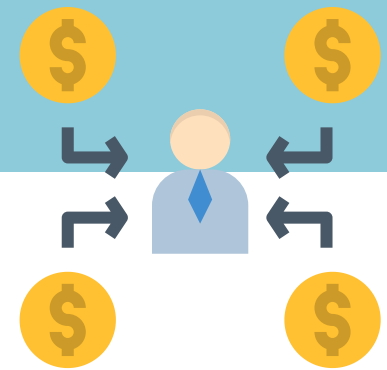




# Creating Streams of Income

## Taxable vs. Tax-Preferred



We like to categorize income into two different categories; Taxable vs. Tax-Preferred. A taxable income source means that a majority, if not all of the income is going to be taxed at ordinary income tax levels. A tax-preferred source is one that is either tax-free or taxed at a preferential rate, like long-term capital gains.

Taxable			Tax-Preferred		
	Total	*Monthly		Total	*Monthly
<b>Social Security</b>	\$ N/A		<b>*Roth IRA, Roth 401k</b>	\$	
<b>*Retirement Plan (401k, 457, 403b)</b>	\$		<b>*Investment Accounts (Trust, Joint, Individual, etc.)</b>	\$	
<b>Pensions</b>	\$		<b>*Savings Account</b>	\$	
<b>Annuities</b>	\$		<b>Other</b>	\$	
<b>*IRAs (Traditional, SEP, etc.)</b>	\$		<b>Total Tax-Preferred Income</b>	\$	
<b>Other</b>	\$				
<b>Total Taxable Income</b>	\$				

\*In order to get the monthly income multiply the total column by 0.05 and then divide by 12. We call this the 5% withdrawal rule. It is not an exact science, but a good starting to point because if you start taking more than 5% then your chances of you running out of money can start increasing quickly.

N/A - Since social security does not have a lump sum option and is built for monthly income there is no need in putting a total amount.